**474. Ones and Zeroes**

Medium

1550272 Add to ListShare

You are given an array of binary strings strs and two integers m and n.

Return *the size of the largest subset of strs such that there are****at most***m0*'s and*n1*'s in the subset*.

A set x is a **subset** of a set y if all elements of x are also elements of y.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** strs = ["10","0001","111001","1","0"], m = 5, n = 3

**Output:** 4

**Explanation:** The largest subset with at most 5 0's and 3 1's is {"10", "0001", "1", "0"}, so the answer is 4.

Other valid but smaller subsets include {"0001", "1"} and {"10", "1", "0"}.

{"111001"} is an invalid subset because it contains 4 1's, greater than the maximum of 3.

**Example 2:**

**Input:** strs = ["10","0","1"], m = 1, n = 1

**Output:** 2

**Explanation:** The largest subset is {"0", "1"}, so the answer is 2.

**Constraints:**

* 1 <= strs.length <= 600
* 1 <= strs[i].length <= 100
* strs[i] consists only of digits '0' and '1'.
* 1 <= m, n <= 100

Accepted

65,611

Submissions

149,011